2025 年度 青森大学 総合経営学部・社会学部・ソフトウェア情報学部 一般選抜 第 I 期日程 英語

□ 次の英文が完成す 番号を解答欄に書きた		こ下の1〜4から最も通	通切なものを一つ選び、その
(A) Had Jimmy () more carefully, he w	ouldn't have made suc	h a mistake.
1. driven	2. drove	3. drive	4. driving
(B) Not until she arriv	ed home () that sl	he had forgotten her wa	allet.
1. she realized	1. she realized 2. did she realize		4. realizes she
(C) If only I () ho	ow to solve this problem	m!	
1.knows	1.knows 2. knew had		4. know
(D) No sooner had Mi	. Chang started his spe	eech () he was into	errupted.
1. when	1. when 2. than		4. after
(E) Tonnie insisted th	at she () the meeti	ing on time.	
1. attends	1. attends 2. attended		4. will attend
(F) It's high time we () action to addres	es the issue.	
1. takes	1. takes 2. took		4. taken
(G) Amanda () h	er project by the time t	the professor returned.	
1. completed	2. has completed	3. had completed	4. completes
(H) Toshiro speaks En	nglish as if he () a	native speaker.	
1. is	2. was	3. were	4. been
(I) The teacher demar	ided that the report (_) by the next day.	

1. is submitted 2. was submitted 3. be submitted 4. has been submitted ② 次の問いに答えなさい。 (1)次の観光ガイドが完成するように、(A)~(E)の中に下の1~4から最も適切なものを選び、 その番号を解答欄に書きなさい。 Discover the Charm of Aomori Nestled in the northernmost part of Honshu, Aomori is a destination filled with rich culture, breathtaking scenery, and unique traditions. Known for its (A) apples, Aomori offers a delightful experience for food lovers. You can enjoy fresh fruits, apple pies, and even locally brewed cider. A visit to Aomori wouldn't be complete without exploring its (B) . The famous Nebuta Festival showcases stunning illuminated floats that light up the night sky, bringing joy and excitement to all who attend. It's a tradition that dates back centuries and reflects the spirit of the region. For nature enthusiasts, Aomori provides a (C) escape. With its lush forests, serene lakes, and stunning coastal views, it's a paradise for outdoor activities such as hiking, cycling, and skiing in winter. When visiting the city, don't forget to stop by the Aomori Museum of Art, where you'll find unique exhibits showcasing both modern and traditional works. The museum's architecture alone is (D). Aomori offers a blend of history, nature, and culture that captivates (E) . Come and uncover the hidden treasures of this beautiful region! (A) 1. famous 2. rare 3. unripe 4. neglected (B) 1. skyscrapers 2. cultural heritage 3. agricultural challenges 4. industrial zones

3. stressful

3. ordinary

4. chaotic

4. unimpressive

(E) 1. no one 2. everyone 3. few 4. some

2. peaceful

2. outdated

(C) 1. busy

(D) 1. remarkable

(2)	次の書評が完成するように、 $(A)\sim(D)$ の中に下の $1\sim4$ から最も適切なものを選び、
	その番号を解答欄に書きなさい。

Restaurant Review: "Lumière Bistro"

Acstaul and Accident	. Lumiere Dist	ii G	
_	mfort. This charm	ing restaurant is a h	a dining experience that perfectly aven for food enthusiasts, nses.
	(B) their sign	nature truffle pasta	fting dishes that highlight and artisanal desserts. Each plate and aesthetics.
	ist that sets the mo	_	ng, contemporary decor, and a aff add to the experience, making
	· =	- ·	umière Bistro is an exceptional oring gourmet cuisine in an
	nises an experience	that exceeds expec	place to relax and unwind, tations. It's a destination
(A) 1. haphazardly	2. meticulously	3. hastily	4. carelessly
(B) 1. including	2. excluding	3. avoiding	4. replacing
(C) 1. ignored	2. unwelcome	3. appreciated	4. uncertain
(D) 1. uninterested in	2. excited about	3. indifferent to	4. hesitant about
(E) 1. where	2. when	3. how	4. why
3 番目に来るものの	番号を解答欄に書き u (1. first 2. whe u 3 2 4	きなさい。ただし、	しい順序に並べかえて英文を作り、 文頭の語句も小文字になっている。 our) name comes from? from?

(A) Do you (1. first	2. where	3. know	4. your) nar	me comes from?
(B) The world's (1. p	opulation	2. by	3. increased	4. 2 billion).

- (C) She (1. her 2. finished 3. homework 4. quickly).
- (D) The USA (1. steadily 2. increased 3. has 4. population).
- (E) By 2030 (1. exceed 2. will 3. China 4. 1.5 billion).
- 四次の表は世界と主要国5カ国(中国、インド、アメリカ、インドネシア、パキスタン)の人口推移予測(単位:100万人)を表したものである。これを見て下記の問いに答えなさい。

Year	World	China	India	USA	Indonesia	Pakistan
2024	8,162	1,428	1,417	345	283	251
2050	9,664	1,260	1,680	381	320	372
2100	10,180	632	1,505	421	296	511

出典: United Nations Population Division, 2024 Revision: World Population Prospects 2024

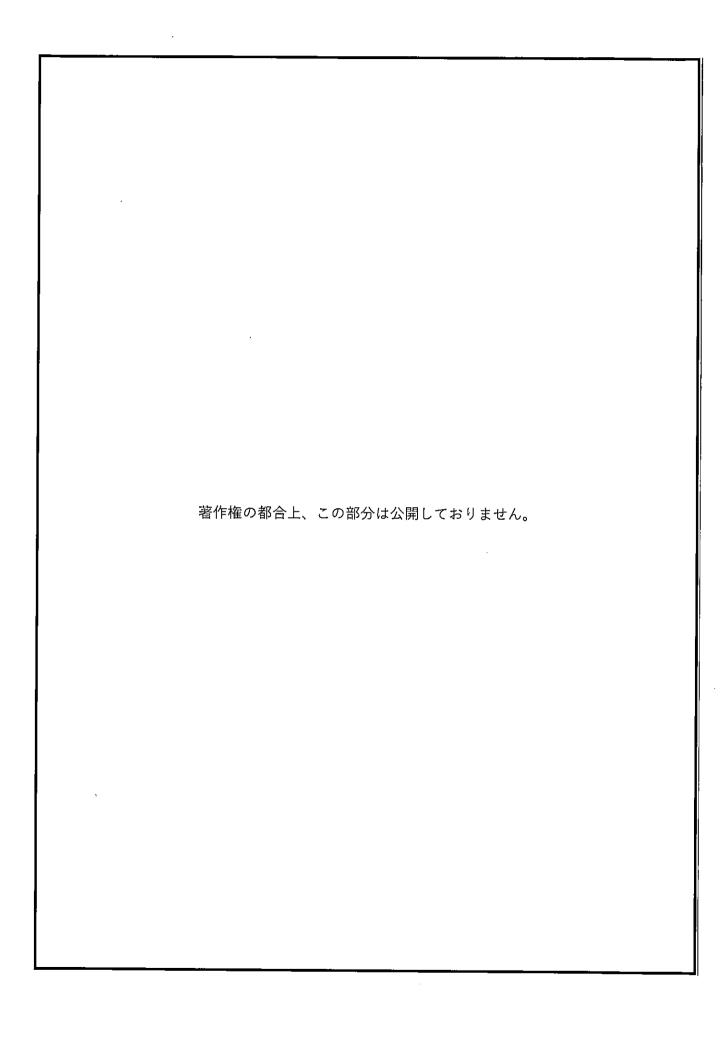
(1) Between 2024 and 2100, which country is projected to experience the largest population decline?

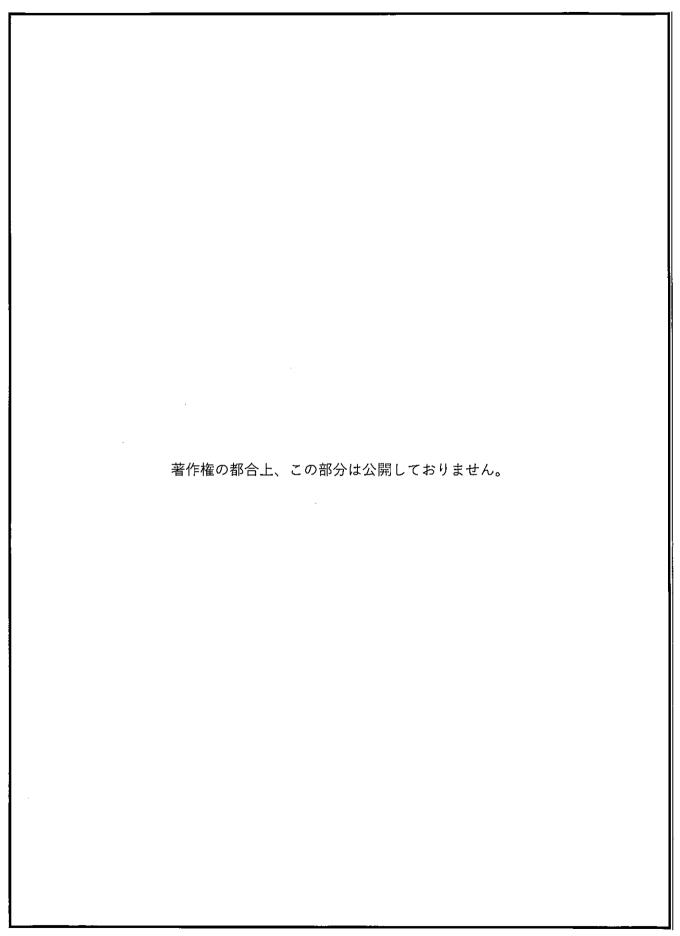
In ().

(2) 次の英文が完成するように、(A)~(C)に適語を一語ずつ書き入れなさい。
The population of(A) is projected to increase from 1,417 million in 2024 to 1,680
million in 2050, making it the most(B)country in the world. However, by 2100, its
population is expected to(C) to 1,505 million.

なお、太字の単語については注がついている。

著作権の都合上、この部分は公開しておりません。





hinterland 未開拓の地 flabbergasted びっくりした interdisciplinary 多分野にまたがる rudimentary 初歩的な pierced (心などに) 響く flag 主張する

- (A) What recent achievement highlighted AI's contribution to science?
 - 1. Winning a physics Nobel Prize for solving climate change
 - 2. Receiving two Nobel Prizes in one week for scientific advancements
 - 3. Developing ChatGPT to revolutionize education
 - 4. Creating a program to win at the game Go
- (B) What work earned David Baker, John Jumper, and Demis Hassabis the Nobel Prize in Chemistry?
 - 1. Creating a chatbot that mimics human conversation
 - 2. Predicting protein structures using AI
 - 3. Developing a new method for quantum computing
 - 4. Inventing a machine for chemical analysis
- (C) What historical event did DeepMind's AlphaGo achieve in 2016?
 - 1. Beating a chess grandmaster
 - 2. Beating a grandmaster at the game Go
 - 3. Winning a Nobel Prize in Chemistry
 - 4. Advancing cybersecurity techniques
- (D) What was Elena Simperl's perspective on AI receiving recognition through Nobel Prizes?
 - 1. It distracts from traditional scientific achievements
 - 2. It undermines the contributions of human scientists
 - 3. It validates the role of interdisciplinary methods in science
 - 4. It is unnecessary as AI should remain a tool, not a recognized contributor
- (E) What significant challenge did AI researchers face during the 1970s and 1990s?
 - 1. Lack of public interest in AI
 - 2. Insufficient computational power for AI development
 - 3. A funding crisis during periods known as "AI winters"
 - 4. Competition with other scientific disciplines for recognition